# Did your doctor tell you that you have developed an infection related to your surgery?

If YES, please call the Infection Prevention Control office at LWDH

(807) 468-9861 extension 2362

Thank you for helping us ensure quality care.

### **Lake of the Woods District Hospital**

21 Sylvan Street Kenora, Ontario P9N 3W7 Telephone (807)468-9861

# DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS FOR HEMORRHOIDECTOMY

- 1. Consume a diet high in protein to promote healing (if able to). If you feel uncomfortable, stay on clear fluids until the feeling passes. If nauseated, avoid milk products until settled.
- 2. Increase intake of fluid and fiber to avoid constipation.

**Do not strain to have a bowel movement.** Your doctor will order a stool softener for you in hospital and at home for you to take routinely to assist you.

- Restrict your activity and rest for the remainder of the day. Resume normal activity on the day following your procedure.
- 4. Take warm baths or use the sitz bath, given to you in hospital, 2 to 3 times per day and after each bowel movement.
- 5. A small amount of bleeding or drainage from your rectum is normal. A pad may be placed in your underwear for protection.
- An ice pack may be applied to your rectal area to decrease pain and swelling, and may provide some comfort.
- 7. You may shower or have baths as before your procedure.
- 8. Resume medications as before your procedure unless otherwise advised.
- 9. Take your prescribed pain medication as directed for discomfort.

#### 10. If you have been given anesthesia or sedation;

- Do not drive or operate machinery for 24 hours.
- Do not make important decisions or sign any important documents in the next 24 hours. Do not plan any activities that require complex thought or coordination for 24 hours.
- Do not consume alcohol, tranquilizers or sleeping medications for the next 24 hours.
- Sedative and narcotic medicines given during a surgical procedure may linger for hours. You may feel dizzy for several hours afterwards.
- You must have an adult with tonight at home.

### 11. Go to an Emergency Department if any of the following occurs:

- Persistent pain not relieved by prescribed pain medications.
- Persistent nausea or vomiting not relieved by over the counter medications.
- Foul or pus-like drainage from your rectum
- Fever and/or chills (38°C or 100°F)
- Bladder difficulties
- Large amounts of blood in your stool
- Severe abdominal boating or tenderness

#### **FOLLOW-UP**

Make an appointment to see Dr
in Phone Number
If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to ca your doctor.
Special Instructions: